

## عنوان مقاله:

Case Study: Hospitality and Aviation Industry

**محل انتشار:** کنفرانس بین المللی اقتصاد در شرایط تحریم (سال: 1392)

تعداد صفحات اصل مقاله: 13

نویسنده: Arash Bidar - M.A. International Law, M.A. Private Law, University of Isfahan

## خلاصه مقاله:

Sanction, is a planned action by one or more state by different ways for different purposes. Economic is the most important of sanctions, often applied as an alternative to war. Sanctions are divided into, National and internal sanction, governmental and sanctions by the United Nation. So the concept of sanction, legitimacy and illegitimacy of it, and Damatov well as the Act of Iran sanction and whether the law is in conflict with the principle of sovereign equality? will be discussed. It can be argued that if economic sanctions are causing human suffering the sanctions are not justified from the perspective of international law. The author then discusses the issue of economic coercion and the principle of non-intervention. Finally the result obtained that, sanctions in contrast with nafye sabil as a religious base and article 4(2) of the UN Charter, as customary international rule. So you should behave consciously against .threats

کلمات کلیدی:

Sanction, Threat, Economy, Nafye sabil, UN Charter

لینک ثابت مقاله در پایگاه سیویلیکا:



https://civilica.com/doc/242008